

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Issue date: 9/1/2011 Revision date: 10/28/2021 Supersedes: 4/5/2017 Version: 4.0

## **SECTION 1: Identification**

## 1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture

Product name : Process2Clean® 1
Product code : SDS VEL-013

## 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Alkaline detergent

For professional use only

## 1.3. Supplier

Veltek Associates, Inc.

15 Lee Blvd

Malvern, PA 19355-1234 USA

Telephone: +1 610-644-8335 - Fax: +1 610-644-8336

E-mail: vai@sterile.com

In Canada distributed by: Canada Clean Room (CCR)

20 Cope Dr.

Kanata, ON K2M 2V8, Canada Telephone: (888)595-8070

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CARECHEM 24: 1-215-207-0061

1-866-928-0789 (toll free)

Canada: 1-800-579-7421 (toll free) Mexico: +52-55-5004-8763

## **SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS US classification**

Corrosive to metals Category 1 H290 May be corrosive to metals

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2 H373 May cause damage to organs (respiratory tract) through

prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation)

Full text of H statements : see section 16

## 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

## **GHS US labeling**

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)





Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

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H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H373 - May cause damage to organs (respiratory tract) through prolonged or repeated exposure

(Inhalation)

Precautionary statements (GHS US) : P234 - Keep only in original container.

P260 - Do not breathe vapors.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P280 - Wear eye protection, face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.

P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 - Immediately call a doctor.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P390 - Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage.

P405 - Store locked up.

P406 - Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to an authorized waste collection point.

#### 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

## 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

## **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Potassium hydroxide	CAS-No.: 1310-58-3	10 - 30	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	CAS-No.: 64-02-8	5 - 15	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT RE 2, H373

<sup>\*</sup>Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

## **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general

: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If symptoms develop obtain medical attention.

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First-aid measures after skin contact : Immediately remove contaminated clothing or footwear. Rinse skin with plenty of water or

shower. Obtain immediate medical attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water (for at least 15 minutes). Ensure that folded skin of

eyelids is thoroughly washed with water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. Obtain immediate medical attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Do NOT induce vomiting. Do not give an unconscious person anything to drink. Rinse mouth.

Give 100 - 200 ml of water to drink. Obtain immediate medical attention.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Inhalation of vapors may cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes burns.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Severe irritation or burns to the mouth, throat, esophagus, and stomach.

Chronic symptoms : May cause damage to organs (respiratory tract) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if

inhaled).

## 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

#### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Not flammable.

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Nitrogen oxides. Sodium oxides.

Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.

#### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Keep upwind. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. On heating, there is a

risk of bursting due to internal pressure build-up. Cool down the containers exposed to heat with a water spray. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from

entering environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Use

self-contained breathing apparatus when in close proximity to fire.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area. Do not breathe vapors. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Evacuate

unnecessary personnel.

## 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Use personal protective equipment as required. See Section 8.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area. Do not breathe vapors. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if large amounts of the product enters sewers or public waters.

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#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

: Small quantities of liquid spill: take up in non-combustible absorbent material and shovel into container for disposal. Large spills: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store away from other materials. Wash spill area with soapy water.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection. SECTION 13: Disposal considerations.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. Do not breathe vapors. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye or face protection.

Hygiene measures

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store in original container or corrosive resistant and/or lined container. Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight.

Incompatible materials

: Strong acids. Oxidizing agents. Metals.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name Potassium hydroxide		
ACGIH OEL Ceiling	2 mg/m³	
Remark (ACGIH)	URT, eye, & skin irr	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021	

### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. Local exhaust ventilation (LEV) may be required to control inhalation exposure. Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available). Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Environmental exposure controls

: Avoid release to the environment.

#### 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

## Personal protective equipment:

Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

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#### Hand protection:

Wear chemically resistant protective gloves. The exact breakthrough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed. Gloves should be removed and replaced if there are any signs of degradation or breakthrough.

#### Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or face shield

#### Skin and body protection:

Use chemically protective clothing

#### Respiratory protection:

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

#### Thermal hazard protection:

Not required for normal conditions of use.

#### Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid **Appearance** Clear. Color Colorless Odor Slight odor Odor threshold : No data available рΗ : 11.8 - 13.8 Melting point No data available Freezing point : -30 °F (-34.4 °C) Boiling point : 212 °F (100 °C) Flash point : Not flammable Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable. Vapor pressure : No data available Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available Relative density : 1.2 - 1.4 (Water = 1) Solubility : Water: Miscible Log Pow : No data available Auto-ignition temperature : No data available Decomposition temperature : No data available : No data available Viscosity, kinematic Viscosity, dynamic : No data available **Explosion limits** : No data available

### 9.2. Other information

Explosive properties

Oxidizing properties

No additional information available

: Not explosive.

: Not oxidizing.

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### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None known.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Freezing.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids. Oxidizing agents. Metals.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In case of fire product can release: Sodium oxides. Nitrogen oxides. Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

Process2Clean® 1
------------------

LD50 oral, rat > 2000 mg/kg

# Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3)

LD50 oral, rat 333 mg/kg (OECD 425 method)

#### Tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate (64-02-8)

LD50 oral, rat 1780 – 2000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes severe skin burns.

pH: 11.8 – 13.8

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.

pH: 11.8 - 13.8

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified Carcinogenicity : Not classified Reproductive toxicity : Not classified STOT-single exposure : Not classified

STOT-repeated exposure : May cause damage to organs (respiratory tract) through prolonged or repeated exposure

(Inhalation).

#### Tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate (64-02-8)

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (respiratory tract) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).

Aspiration hazard : Not classified
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

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Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Inhalation of vapors may cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Severe irritation or burns to the mouth, throat, esophagus, and stomach.

: Causes burns.

Chronic symptoms : May cause damage to organs (respiratory tract) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if

inhaled).

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : Not classified.

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Process2Clean® 1		
Persistence and degradability	No data available.	
Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3)		
Persistence and degradability	Not relevant for inorganic substances.	
Tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate (64-02-8)		
Persistence and degradability  Not readily biodegradable.		

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Process2Clean® 1		
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.	
Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Low bioaccumulation potential.	
Tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate (64-02-8)		
BCF - Fish [1]	1.8 l/kg	
Log Pow	-13.17 (calculated value)	
Bioaccumulative potential Not expected to bioaccumulate.		

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

Process2Clean® 1		
Ecology - soil Miscible with water.		
Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3)		
Mobility in soil Not expected to adsorb to soil		

## 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

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### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Disposal methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Empty containers should

be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. The correct waste code must be determined by the producer of the waste, based on how the waste has been produced.

Additional information : Handle empty containers with care.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with Department of Transport / Transportation of Dangerous Goods / IMDG / IATA

## 14.1. UN number

DOT NA No : UN1814 UN-No. (TDG) : UN1814 UN-No. (IMDG) : 1814 UN-No. (IATA) : 1814

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Potassium hydroxide, solution

Proper Shipping Name (TDG) : POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Potassium hydroxide solution

Transport document description (DOT) : UN1814 Potassium hydroxide, solution, 8, II

Transport document description (TDG) : UN1814 POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION, 8, II
Transport document description (IMDG) : UN 1814 POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION, 8, II

Transport document description (IATA) : UN 1814 Potassium hydroxide solution, 8, II

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

#### DOT

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 8
Hazard labels (DOT) : 8



### TDG

Transport hazard class(es) (TDG) : 8
Hazard labels (TDG) : 8



# IMDG

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : 8
Hazard labels (IMDG) : 8

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#### IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : 8
Hazard labels (IATA) : 8



## 14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : II
Packing group (TDG) : II
Packing group (IMDG) : II
Packing group (IATA) : II

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

#### **DOT**

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1814

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : B2, IB2, T7, TP2

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 154
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 : 1 L

CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 30 L

CFR 175.75)

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A
DOT Vessel Stowage Other : 52

**TDG** 

UN-No. (TDG) : UN1814
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index : 1 L
Excepted quantities (TDG) : E2
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger : 1 L

Carrying Railway Vehicle Index

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 154

#### **IMDG**

No data available

#### **IATA**

No data available

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

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## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. US Federal regulations

Process2Clean® 1		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Physical hazard - Corrosive to metals Health hazard - Skin corrosion or Irritation Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)	

	Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3)		
	Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
CERCLA RQ		1000 lb	

## Tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate (64-02-8)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

## 15.2. International regulations

#### **CANADA**

#### Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

## Tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate (64-02-8)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### **EU-Regulations**

No additional information available

#### **National regulations**

No additional information available

## 15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

Component	State or local regulations
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Revision date : 10/28/2021

Data sources : US OSHA HazCom (GHS) 25 May 2012.

Other information : None.

### Full text of H-phrases

H290 May be corrosive to metals

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Full text of H-phrases		
H302	Harmful if swallowed	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage	
H318	Causes serious eye damage	
H332	Harmful if inhaled	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	

Abbreviations	s and acronyms
	ACGIH (American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists)
	BCF (Bioconcentration Factor/Bioconcentration factor)
	CAS (Chemical Abstracts Service) number
	DOT (Department Of Transportation (US))
	EC50 (Effective Concentration 50%)
	IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
	IATA (International Air Transport Association)
	IBC (Intermediate Bulk Container)
	IMDG (International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code)
	IMO (International Maritime Organisation)
	LC50 (Lethal Concentration 50%)
	LD50 (Lethal Dose 50%)
	Koc (Soil adsorption coefficient)
	NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)
	NOEC (No Observed Effect Concentration)
	OECD (Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development)
	OEL (Occupational exposure limit)
	OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration) (US)
	PEL (Permissible Exposure Limit)
	QSAR (Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationship)
	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
	TLV (Threshold Limit Value) (ACGIH)
	TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) (US)
	TWA (Time Weighted Average)
	UNxxxx (Number assigned by the United Nations Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods)
	WAF (Water Accommodated Fraction)

NFPA health hazard

: 3 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury.

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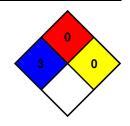
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NFPA fire hazard : 0 - Materials that will not burn under typical fire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as concrete, stone, and

sand.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire

conditions.



Hazard Rating

Health : 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is

given

\* - Chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that will not burn

Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will NOT

react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-Explosives.

Indication of changes:			
Section	Changed item	Change	Comments
2	Hazards identification	Modified	
3	Composition/Information on ingredients	Modified	
4	First aid measures	Modified	
5	Fire fighting measures	Modified	
6	Accidental release measures	Modified	
7	Handling and storage	Modified	
8	Exposure controls / Personal protection equipment	Modified	
10	Stability and reactivity	Modified	
11	Toxicological information	Modified	
12.	Ecological information	Modified	
13	Disposal considerations	Modified	
15	Regulatory information	Modified	
16	Other information	Modified	

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